

EHAN NUMERICAL SENSOR

User manual



For Sales & Service Contact

geotech

2650 E. 40th Ave. • Denver, CO 80205
Phone 303-320-4764 • Fax 303-322-7242

1-800-833-7958

www.geotechenv.com

CONTENTS

1. GENERAL	3
2. CHARACTERISTICS	4
2.1 Technical characteristics	4
2.2 CE compliance.....	5
3. DESCRIPTION	6
3.1 Product overview.....	6
3.2 Applications	6
3.3 Construction and dimensions.....	6
3.4 Communication	7
3.4.1 Modbus RTU registers.....	7
3.4.2 SDI12 frame.....	7
3.5 Sampling rate.....	7
4. INSTALLATION.	7
4.1 Sensor installation option	7
4.1.1 Accessories for immersion installation.....	8
4.2 Installation of the sensor in the accessories of assembly	11
4.2.1 Insertion in a pole.....	11
4.3 Electrical connections.	12
5. STARTUP AND MAINTENANCE.....	12
5.1 Initial startup.....	12
5.2 Calibration.....	13
5.2.1. Check of the Redox potential.....	13
5.3 Maintenance	13
5.3.1. Cleaning.....	13
5.3.2. Change of the EHAN cartridge.....	13

1. General

In order to maintain and ensure the good working order of the EHAN sensor, users must comply with the safety precautions and warnings featured in this manual.

Assembly and activation:

- Assembly, electrical connection, activation, operation and maintenance of the measuring system must only be carried out by specialist personnel authorized by the user of the facilities.
- Trained personnel must be familiar with and comply with the instructions in this manual.
- Make sure the power supply complies with the specifications before connecting the device.
- A clearly-labeled power switch must be installed near the device.
- Check all connections before turning the power on.
- Do not attempt to use damaged equipment: it may represent a hazard and should be labeled as faulty.
- Repairs must only be carried out by the manufacturer or by AQUALABO after-sales service department.

➤ Marking on the body of the sensor:

The marking on the body of the sensor indicates the serial number of the sensor (for the traceability) and the LOGO CE.



1	Datamatrix (contains the serial number)
2	Serial number EHAN sensor : SN-PORPX-YYYY X : version YYYY : number
3	CE mark

2. Characteristics

2.1 Technical characteristics.

The technical characteristics can be modified without advance notice.

ORP Measure	
Principle of ORP measure	Combination Electrode (ORP/reference) platinum ring, Reference Ag/AgCl Gelled electrolyte (KCl)
Range of measures	- 1000.0 to + 1000.0 mV
Resolution	+/- 0.1 mV
Precision	+/- 10 mV
Answer time	< 90 s

Temperature measurement	
Principle of measure T°C	CTN
Temperature	0,00 °C to + 50,00°C
Resolution	0,01 °C
Precision	+/- 0,5 °C
T90	< 300 s
Temperature of storage	0°C to + 60°C
Protection scale	IP 68
Interface signal	Modbus RS-485 standard and SDI-12
Refresh rate measurement	Maximum < 1 second
Sensor power	5 to 12 volts
Consumption	Standby: 25 µA Average RS485 (1 measure/second): 20 mA Pulse current: 500 mA Heating time: 100 mS

Sensor	
Dimensions of sensor mounted	Mounted sensor length: gland (262 mm) not included ; Length with gland : 324 mm.
Weight	350 g (sensor + cable)
Material in contact with the environment	PVC, POM-C,platinum, Polyurethane
Maximum Pression	5 bars
Cable/ connection	9 armored connectors, polyurethane jacket, bare wires or waterproof metal Fischer connector

2.2 CE compliance.

Pursuant to the article 11 of the directive 89 / 336 / EEC relative to the electromagnetic compatibility.

We declare that the digital sensor of the range DIGISENS sensor EHAN was tested and declared in compliance with the European standards:

Standard tests : EN 61326-1 edition 2013

Emission - EMC EN 55022 Class B

Immunity - EN 61000-4-3 A

EN 61000-4-2 B

EN 61000-4-6 A

EN 61000-4-4 B

Shone disturbances : EN 55011B

Identification of the measurement process: composed of :

1- one probe

2- Ponsel's cable.

EN 61000-4-5 Not concerned for sensors with a cable lower or equal to 30 M

Commercial name: DIGISENS range

Manufacturer AQUALABO
115 Rue Michel MARION
56850 CAUDAN

Responsible UE : AQUALABO
115 Rue Michel MARION
56850 CAUDAN

3. Description.

3.1 Product overview

The combined sensor EHAN is based on a principle of measure of difference of potential between a reference electrode (Ag/AgCl) and an electrode of measure (platinum o-ring.).

The EHAN sensor has been designed to perform under hard conditions from lakes and rivers (100 – 2000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$), seawater with conductivities of 50 mS/cm and to wastewater with conductivity higher than 200 mS/cm .

This sensor features a “long life” reference. The Plastogel® PONSEL technology increase the lifetime of the probe the need to refill.

This sensor has been designed also for handheld and in situ applications which have been the most difficult situations for an ORP sensor in term of sensor resistance, quick time response, minimal flow dependence and low power consumption.

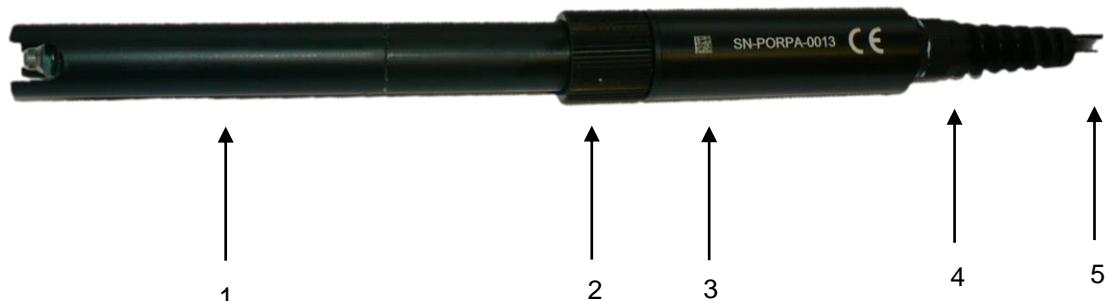
The sensor features excellent interference immunity thanks to the integrated preamplifier and digital signal processing. The cartridge is easy to replace, meaning the sensor is very easy to maintain. The current calibration data is saved directly in the sensor electronics. As a result, the Plug and Play function of the system is enabled without the need for recalibration. The sensor also includes a log book containing the last ten successful calibrations in the form of a ring buffer.

3.2 Applications

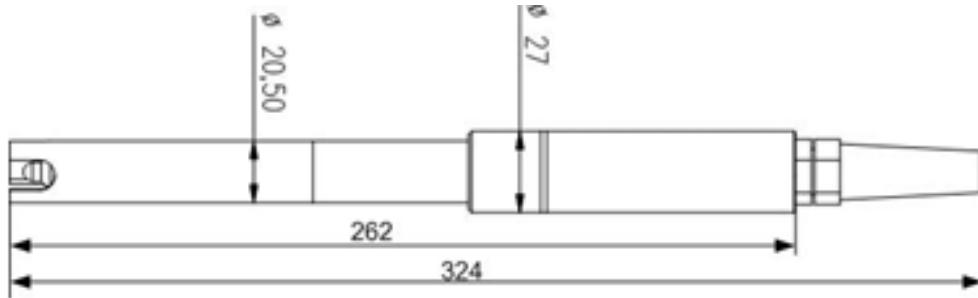
The compact and robust sensor is particularly well suited to the following typical areas of application:

- Industrial and municipal sewage treatment plants
- Wastewater management (nitrification and de-nitrification)
- Surface water monitoring
- Drinking water monitoring

3.3 Construction and dimensions.



- (1) Cartridge (consumable part)
- (2) Clamp
- (3) Sensor body with measurement electronics
- (4) Cable bushing
- (5) Securely connected connection cable



3.4 Communication.

3.4.1 Modbus RTU registers.

The link protocol must correspond to MODBUS RTU.

See document:

- Modbus_over_serial_line_V1_02.pdf
- Modbus_Application_Protocol_V1_1a.pdf
- Modbus memory for PONSEL digital Sensors :
SENSOR_TramesCom_xxx_UK.xls (refer to
https://owncloud.aqualabo.fr/owncloud/public.php?service=files&t=503ca28b881e69edb8f48f27655f2203&path=%2FMODBUS%20SDI12%20COMMUNICATION_DIGITAL%20SENSORS)

The Modbus memory plane is identical for each parameter of the Sensors.

The Modbus protocol for the Sensors allows you to measure the parameter (+ temperature) of the Sensor and to calibrate the parameter (+ temperature). Furthermore, there are certain numbers of functions such as:

- Select the averaging value
- Read the Sensor description
- Return to default coefficients
- Modify the Sensor address
- Information on measures conducted (Out Of Specification measures, measures in progress, etc.).
- Date and name of the operator who performed the calibration
- etc.

To have more information on the open PONSEL's Modbus protocol please consult the last version of the following documents :

- the pdf file : Modbus_SpecificationsVxxx-EN
- the excel file : Digital sensor Frame_XXX_UK

3.4.2 SDI12 frame.

A list of SDI12 registers is available for network communication. Refer to

https://owncloud.aqualabo.fr/owncloud/public.php?service=files&t=503ca28b881e69edb8f48f27655f2203&path=%2FMODBUS%20SDI12%20COMMUNICATION_DIGITAL%20SENSORS for more information.

3.5 Sampling rate

EHAN sensors do not carry out any continuous measurements but it is possible to have a measure all 500 mS.

4. Installation.

4.1 Sensor installation option

For the installation of the sensors in condition of immersion or in-pipe insertion, we advise to use accessories adapted and proposed by AQUALABO.

4.1.1 Accessories for immersion installation.

In immersion condition, it is necessary to maintain the sensor by the body and not to leave the sensor suspended by the cable at the risk of damaging the sensor

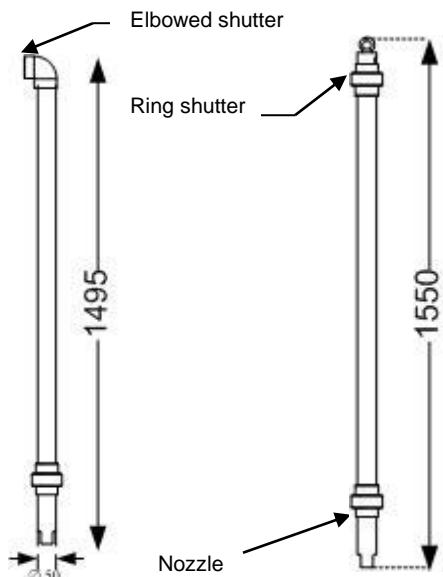
AQUALABO proposes a range or pole (short and long version) in order to install the sensor in open basins. It can be positioned a considerable distance from the basin edge with the bracket suspended on a chain, for example.

Please note the following when planning your set-up:

- The fitting must be easily accessible to allow the sensor or the fitting itself to be maintained and cleaned regularly
- Do not allow the fitting (and thus also the sensor) to swing against and hit the basin edge
- When working with systems involving pressure and/or temperature, ensure that the fitting and sensor meet all relevant requirements
- The system designer must check that the materials in the fitting and sensor are suitable for the measurement (chemical compatibility, for instance)

Material	PVC
Admissible temperature	0 to 60 °C
Pressure max.	5 bars

➤ Short pole



The short pole is available in 2 versions :

- **version with Elbowed shutter.** The nozzle of support is included in the offer.

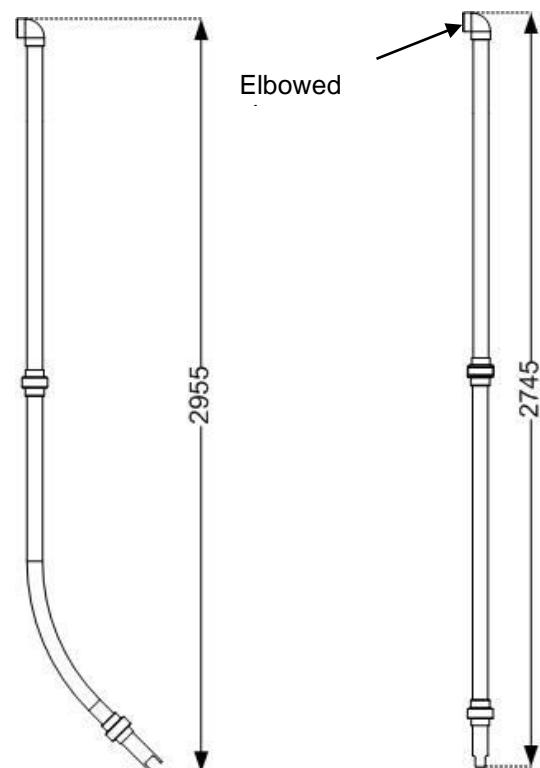
PF-ACC-C-00405	STRAIGHT SHORT POLE FOR EHAN SENSOR (1495 mm, ELBOWED SHUTTER)
----------------	--

- **version with shutter for mounting with chain** The nozzle of support is included in the offer.

PF-ACC-C-00406	STRAIGHT SHORT POLE FOR EHAN SENSOR (1550 mm, RING SHUTTER)
----------------	---

➤ Long pole

The long poles are available in elbow version, for installations in aeration basin, and straight, for applications in open channel. Every pole is equipped with an Elbowed shutter and with waterproofness joints. The lower part includes a nozzle which is adapted to the sensor what assures its mechanical support.



- Elbowed pole with Elbowed shutter

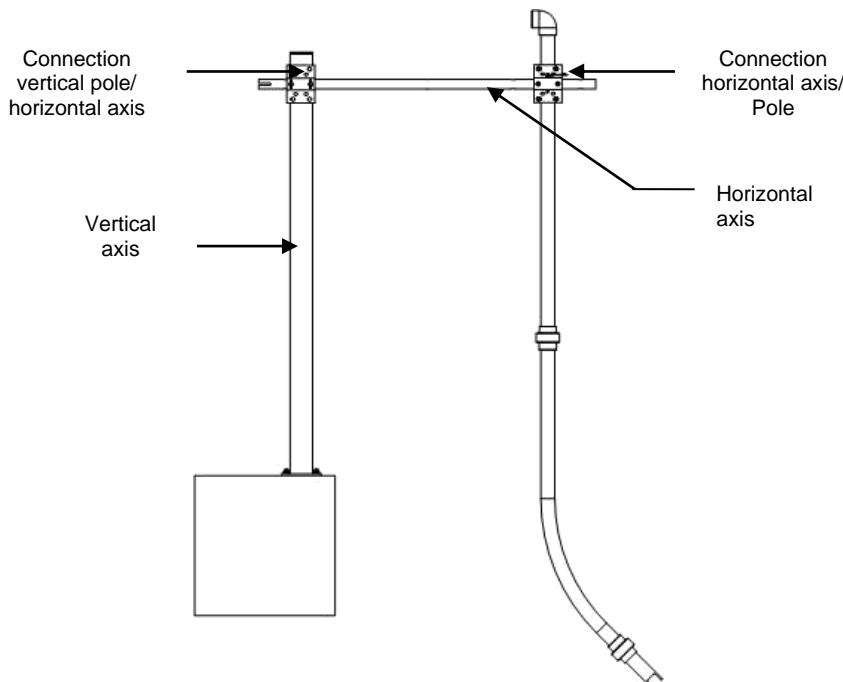
PF-ACC-C-00403	90° ELBOW LONG POLE FOR EHAN SENSOR (2955 mm, ELBOWED SHUTTER)
----------------	--

- Straight long pole with Elbowed shutter

PF-ACC-C-00404	STRAIGHT LONG POLE FOR EHAN SENSOR (2745 mm, ELBOWED SHUTTER)
----------------	---

➤ **Mounting accessories for pole.**

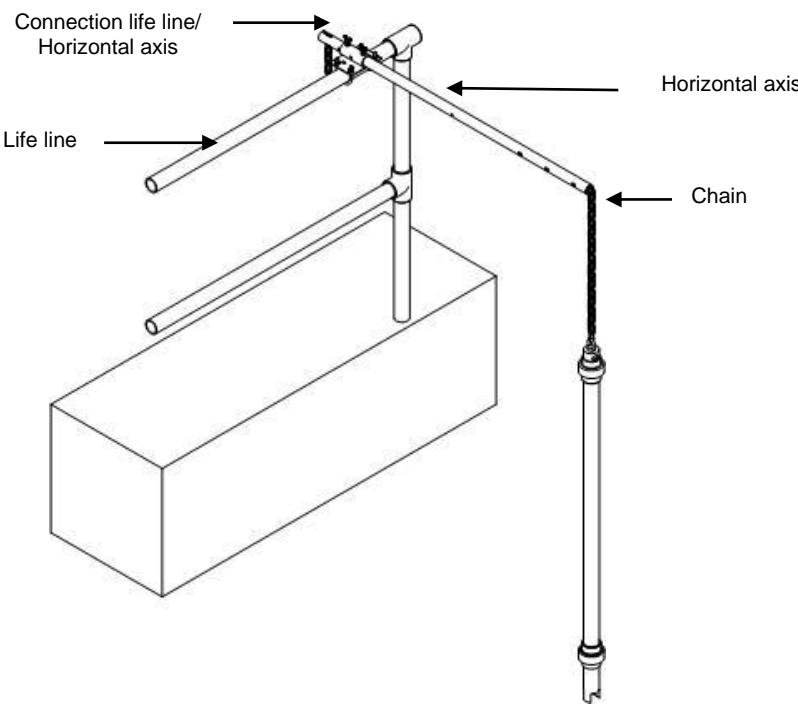
The elements of fixation for the poles are flexible and specially studied to adapt themselves to the different configurations of assembly.



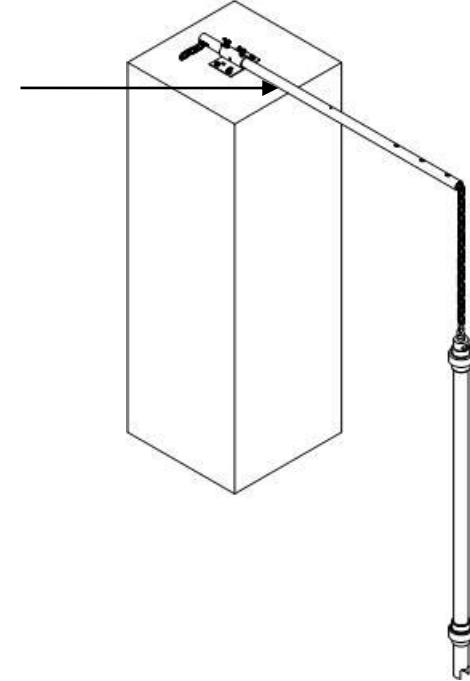
- **Pole kit fixation**

NC-ACC-C-00009	POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON LOW WALL)
NC-ACC-C-00010	POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON LIFE LINE)
NC-ACC-C-00011	POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON VERTICAL AXIS)
PF-ACC-C-00272	VERTICAL AXIS FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR POLE (TO BE FIXED ON SOIL)

Example of mounting on vertical axis



Example of mounting on life line



Example of mounting on low wall

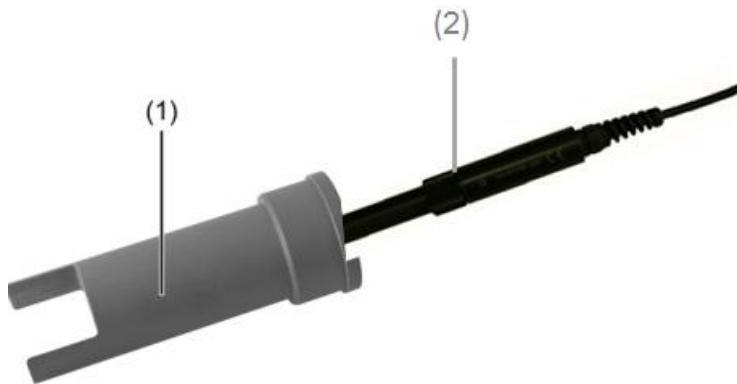
- **Accessories kit for assembly of poles with chain.**

NC-ACC-C-00012	SHORT POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON LOW WALL)
NC-ACC-C-00013	SHORT POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON LIFE LINE)
NC-ACC-C-00014	SHORT POLE FIXATION KIT FOR NUMERICAL SENSOR (ON VERTICAL AXIS)

4.2 Installation of the sensor in the accessories of assembly

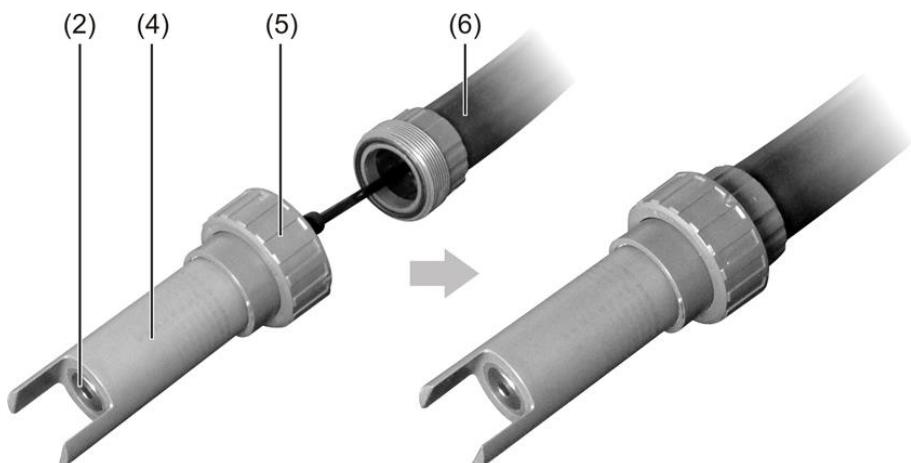
4.2.1 Insertion in a pole.

The sensor is mounted on the relevant fitting as described below, using a sensor holder, which can be used both for the short and long pole:



1 Remove the protective cap on the sensor and insert the sensor (2) into the nozzle (1) as far as the stop..

2 Insert the sensor cable into the fitting pipe (6) and completely feed through.

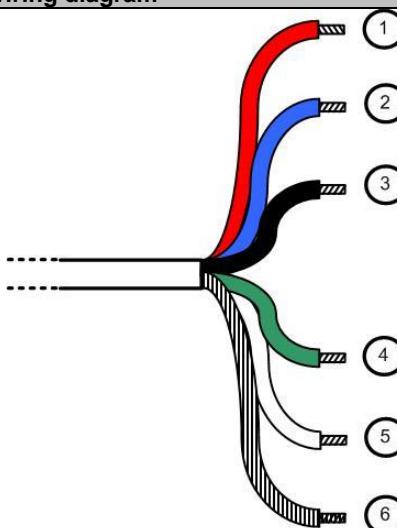


3 Screw the sensor holder with the union nut (5) onto the fitting pipe (6) and tighten until handtight.

4.3 Electrical connections.

The sensor could deliver within version bare wire on 3, 7, 15 m or on other length (up to 100 m).

Power supply	
Power requirements	5 to 12 volts for cable 0-15 m 7 to 12 volts for cable >15 m Max. 13.2 V
Consumption	Standby : 25µA Average RS485 (1 measure/seconde) : 3,9 mA Average SDI12 (1 measure/seconde) : 6,8 mA Current pulse : 500 mA Heating time : 100 mS Protection against the inversions of polarity

Wiring diagram																																	
 <table border="1"> <caption>Cable length up to 15m</caption> <tbody> <tr><td>1- Red</td><td>Power supply V+</td></tr> <tr><td>2 - Blue</td><td>SDI-12</td></tr> <tr><td>3 - Black</td><td>Power supply V-</td></tr> <tr><td>4 - Green</td><td>B " RS-485 "</td></tr> <tr><td>5 - White</td><td>A " RS-485 "</td></tr> <tr><td>6 – Green/yellow</td><td>Cable shield with Power supply V-</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	1- Red	Power supply V+	2 - Blue	SDI-12	3 - Black	Power supply V-	4 - Green	B " RS-485 "	5 - White	A " RS-485 "	6 – Green/yellow	Cable shield with Power supply V-	<p>Cable lenght 15 to 100 meters</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr><td>Red</td><td>Power supply V+</td></tr> <tr><td>Purple</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Yellow</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Orange</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>pink</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2 - Blue</td><td>SDI-12</td></tr> <tr><td>3 - Black</td><td>Power supply V-</td></tr> <tr><td>4 - Green</td><td>B " RS-485 "</td></tr> <tr><td>5 - White</td><td>A " RS-485 "</td></tr> <tr><td>6 – Green/yellow</td><td>Cable shield with Power supply V-</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Red	Power supply V+	Purple		Yellow		Orange		pink		2 - Blue	SDI-12	3 - Black	Power supply V-	4 - Green	B " RS-485 "	5 - White	A " RS-485 "	6 – Green/yellow	Cable shield with Power supply V-
1- Red	Power supply V+																																
2 - Blue	SDI-12																																
3 - Black	Power supply V-																																
4 - Green	B " RS-485 "																																
5 - White	A " RS-485 "																																
6 – Green/yellow	Cable shield with Power supply V-																																
Red	Power supply V+																																
Purple																																	
Yellow																																	
Orange																																	
pink																																	
2 - Blue	SDI-12																																
3 - Black	Power supply V-																																
4 - Green	B " RS-485 "																																
5 - White	A " RS-485 "																																
6 – Green/yellow	Cable shield with Power supply V-																																

Note :

Never exceed a voltage of 10VDC (absolute maximum rating) on communication lines RS485, A or B, under penalty of irreversible destruction of the transceiver component RS 485.

SDI-12: respect the voltage value described in the associated standard (nominal: 5 VDC)

Always connect ground + shield first.

5. Startup and maintenance.

5.1 Initial startup

Once the sensor is connected to your terminal, the sensor is settled in its accessory of assembly and the parameterization has been carried out on the display unit, the sensor is ready for initial startup.

➤ Note :

During the introduction of the sensor in measurement environment, wait for sensor's temperature stabilization before measure processing.



The redox potential electrode is sensitive to sulphide adsorption on platinum.

➤ **Started :**

Remove the black cap of protection (by holding the sensor head downward and by unscrewing the hood towards the right).

The sensor is delivered dry and the electrode must be rehydrated so that the measures are optimized. After dry storage, rehydrate the sensor for a 12 hours period (one night) in a standard solution pH4 or in the cleaning solution delivered from AQUALABO (PF-CSO-C-00010).

5.2 Calibration

The sensor is calibrated to specification at the factory. The frequency of calibration depends of the application (depends on the fouling of the sensor, on the conductivity of the environment). If calibration is required, let the sensor come to equilibrium with the process before calibration. Do not calibrate the sensor at setup.

After the cartridge is replaced, calibration should be carried out.

It is also advisable to regularly clean the sensor in a cleaning solution (PF-CSO-C-00010) (see the chapter maintenance 5.3).

With two-point calibration, the zero point (electronic offset) and slope (standard solution) of the sensor are calibrated. This calibration method offers the greatest possible level of accuracy and is particularly recommended.

- Washing (with clear water) and drying the sensor with a soft cloth or an absorbent paper.

5.2.1. Check of the Redox potential..

➤ Wedging of the offset.

The first step in the calibration is to set the offset by exposing the sensor to air. The default value of this calibration standard is set at 0 mV and cannot be changed. Wait for the stabilization of the measure and validate the point of calibration.

➤ Validation of the slope.

Immerse the sensor in the selected standard solution (240 mV for example), maintain the standard solution under agitation and wait that the sensor puts itself in equilibrium with the temperature of the standard solution.

- Washing (with clear water) and drying the sensor with a soft cloth or an absorbent paper.

5.3 Maintenance

The maintenance schedule shows minimum intervals for regular maintenance tasks. Perform maintenance tasks more frequently for applications that cause electrode fouling.

Note: Do not disassemble the probe for maintenance or cleaning.

- For the redox measurement, clean the platinum disk to optimize the measures of redox potential.
- If the sensor is put out of operation, it should be rinsed prior to being stored, and the protective cap should be fitted with the protective case and a moist absorbent surface (like cotton).

5.3.1. Cleaning.

Rinse meticulously the sensor with clear water.

For the Redox part, clean the platinum disk with an abrasive moist paper (type P1200 or P220) and rinse the electrode with clean water.

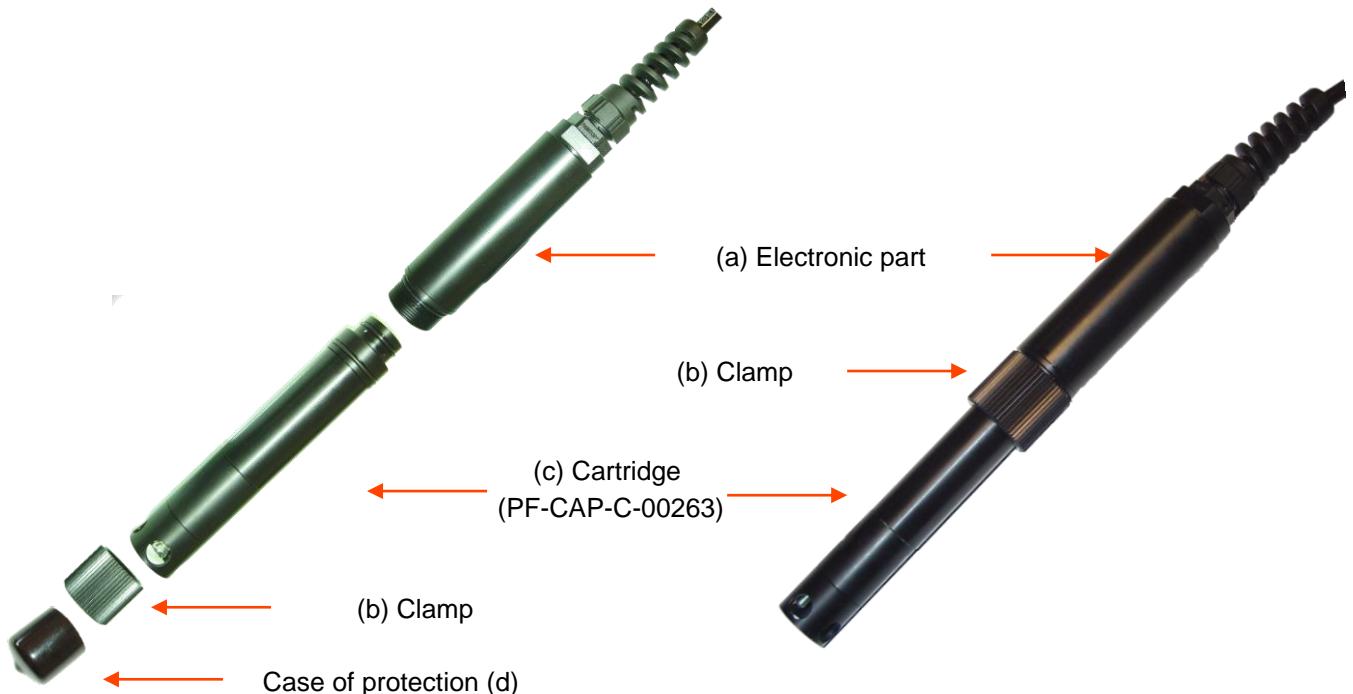
5.3.2. Change of the EHAN cartridge.

The principle of measure integrates a reference electrode type Ag/AgCl, used for the measures of ORP, into plasticized electrolyte saturated in KCl " PLASTOGEL " ®

The electrolyte " PLASTOGEL " ® communicates directly with the outside environment without interposition of capillary or porous. There is thus no risk of closing or dismantling of the reference.

Plastogel tends to become impoverished in KCl according to the use of the sensor EHAN. When the Plastogel is exhausted, the probe does not answer any more the variations of pH and/or is very slow to stabilize. In that case, it is necessary to proceed to the change of the cartridge.

➤ **Description of the sensor EHAN :**



Sensor unsettled

The electronic part contains the cable of connection with standard measurement of 3, 7 or 15 meters (other lengths can be realized on inquiry).

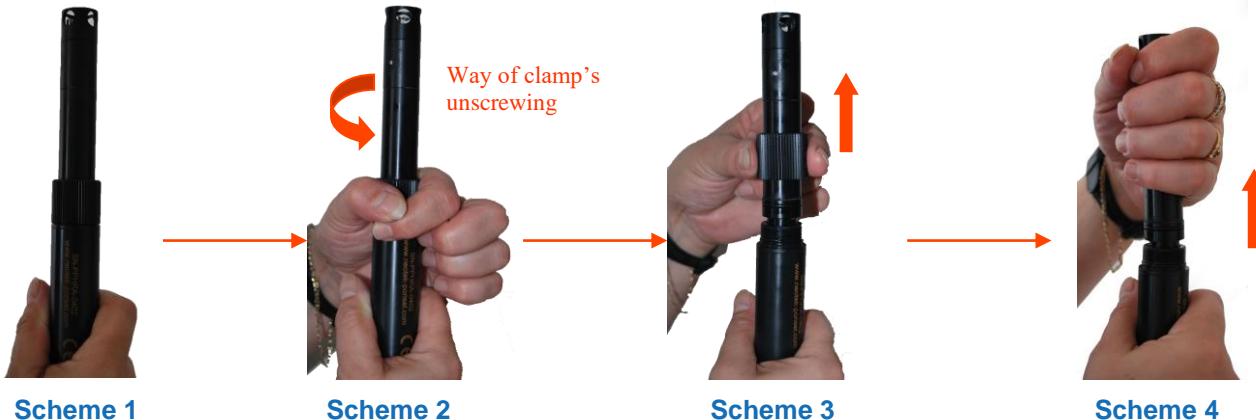
The cartridge which is the replaceable element contains the ORP and the Temperature. Protect the sensor when it is not used by means of the case of protection (d).

The clamp (b) is positioned between the electronics and the cartridge parts to make a united and waterproof system.

Assembled sensor

Step 1 : Dismantling of the sensor EHAN.

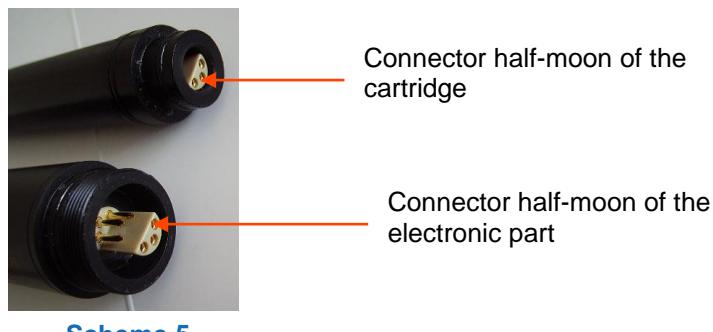
Scheme 1: to remove the protective cap (d) from the probe EHAN may maintain the electronic part (a) in a hand and undo the clamp (b) of the other hand (**Scheme 2**). Remove the clamp (**Scheme 3**) may hold the electronic part (a) in a hand and remove the cartridge with the other hand (**Scheme 4**)..



Step 2 : Reassembly of the EHAN sensor.

Hold the electronic part in one hand, place the connector in the shape of half-moon of the new cartridge EHAN (d) in front of the connector of the electronic part and fit both parts (**Scheme 5**). Remove the case of protection then replace the clamp on the sensor by maintaining the sensor by the electronic part. End by tightening clamp

Proceed to a complete calibration to configure the sensor with his new cartridge.



CALL GEOTECH TODAY (800) 833-7958

Geotech Environmental Equipment, Inc.

2650 East 40th Avenue • Denver, Colorado 80205

(303) 320-4764 • FAX (303) 322-7242

email: sales@geotechenv.com • website: www.geotechenv.com