Field Filtration Devices

geofilter[™] Flatstock Filter Membrane Chemical Compatibility

This guide should be used as a reference to select the proper membrane, o-ring, and filter holder with regard to chemical compatibility. Recommendations are based on a 24 hour static exposure to the test fluid at room temperature.

TEST PROTOCOL

- To perform a compatibility check in your own laboratory, the following test protocol is recommended:
- 1. Select a specific polymer type in the appropriate pore size.
- 2. Perform a bubble point and liquid flow rate test on the membrane using the procedure in the respective chart of the Specifications section of the Geofilter catalog. Record the values.
- 3. Soak the membrane in the test fluid for the anticipated exposure time. This is a static test, but results generally correlate to dynamic processing conditions.
- 4. Rinse the filter thoroughly to remove traces of the test fluid.
- **5.** Repeat Step 2. Compare to results obtained in Step 3. Examine the filter for swelling, brittleness, change in color, etc., and compare to a control filter. If neither the physical tests nor the outward appearance of the membrane has changed, the membrane is considered compatible with the test fluid.

CHEMICAL FLUID		JLOSE: Acetate	PTFE	CHEMICAL FLUID		JLOSE: Acetate	PTFE	CHEMICAL FLUID		JLOSE: Acetate	PTFE
ALCOHOLS	Innate	Accure		ACIDS	Innate	Tiecture		HALOGENATED	mate	necture	
N-Amyl Alcohol	R	R	R	10% Acetic	R	Ν	R	Bromoform	R	Ν	R
Butanol	R	R	R	Glacial Acetic Acid	N	N	R	Carbon tetrachloride	R	L	R
Ethanol	Ν	R	R	Boric Acid (5%)	R	R	R	Chloroform	R	N	R
Ethylene Glycol	L	L	R	Formic Acid (50%)	L	L	R	Ethylene dichloride	L	N	R
Glycerol	R	R	R	6N Hydrochloric Acid	R	R	R	Methylene	L	N	R
N-Hexanol	L	R	R	Concentrated	N	N	R	Perchloroethylene	R	R	R
Isobutanol	L	R	R	Hydrochloric Acid				1.1.1-Trichloroethane	L	N	R
Isopropanol	L	L	R	Hydrofluoric Acid	Ν	Ν	R	1.1.2-Trichloroethane	N	N	R
Methanol	Ν	R	R	(35%)				Monochlorobenzene	R	R	R
Propanol	R	L	R	6N Nitric Acid	L	R	R	Trichlorbenzene	R	N	R
Propylene Glycol	L	L	R	Concentrated	Ν	Ν	R	Trichloroethylene	R	R	R
Butyl Cellosolve	Ν	L	R	Nitric Acid				KETONES			
Methyl Cellosolve	Ν	L	R	Perchloric Acid (60%)	R	N	R	Acetone	Ν	Ν	R
2.2 – Ethoxyethoxy	Ν	R	R	6N Sulfuric Acid	R	R	R	Cyclohexanone	N	N	R
Ethanol (Carbitol)				Concentrated	Ν	Ν	R	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	N	L	R
Polyethylene	L	R	R	Sulfuric Acid				(MEK)	IN	L	n
Glycol 1000			_	ESTERS				PHOTO RESISTS			
Benzyl Alcohol	L	L	R	Amyl Acetate	Ν	L	R	Kodak KMER, FTFR	Ν	R	R
ALDEHYDES				Ethyl Acetate	Ν	Ν	R	Shipley Microposit	N	N	R
Butraldehyde	N	Ν	R	Methyl Acetate	Ν	N	R	Waycoat 59	N	N	R
Formaldehyde (37%)	R	Ν	R	ETHERS					IN	IN	n
Formalin (10%)	R	L	R	1 4 Dioxane	N	Ν	R	MISCELLANEOUS			
AMINES				Ethyl Ether	L	L	R	Acetonitrile	N	N	R
Aniline	R	Ν	R	Isopropyl Ether	R	R	R	Hydrogen Peroxide (30%)	R	R	R
Diethyl Acetamide	Ν	Ν	R	Petroleum Ether	R	R	R	Nitrobenzene	Ν	Ν	R
Triethanolamine	Ν	R	R	HYDROCARBONS				Nitropropane	N	N	R
BASES				Benzene	R	R	R	Pvridine	N	N	R
6N Ammonium	Ν	L	R	Gasoline	R	R	R	Tetrahydrofuran	N	N	R
Hydroxide		-		Hexane	R	R	R	Dimethysulfoxide	N	N	R
6N Potassium	Ν	Ν	R	Kerosene	R	R	R	(DMSO)	IN	IN	n
Hydroxide				Pentane	R	R	R	Freon TF	R	R	R
6N Sodium Hydroxide	Ν	Ν	R	Toluene	R	R	R	Mineral Spirits	R	R	R
OILS				Xylene	R	R	R	Turpentine	R	R	R
Silicones	R	R	R					, a pentine			
Petroleum Oils	R	R	R								

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Geotech Environmental Equipment, Inc. 2650 East 40th Avenue • Denver, Colorado 80205 (303) 320-4764 • (800) 833-7958 • FAX (303) 322-7242 email: sales@geotechenv.com website: www.geotechenv.com

R = Recommended: No change in either water flow rate or bubble point was observed.

 L = Limited resistance: Additional in-house testing is advised as swelling, discoloration, or other minor changes may occur.

N = Not recommended: Significant changes in water flow rate and/or bubble point may occur.